



Welton Primary School—PE Knowledge Organiser



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UKS2

Overview

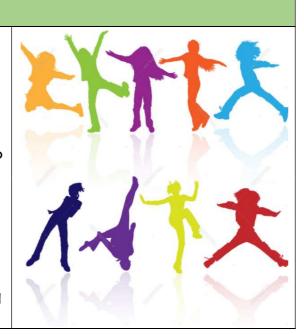
-<u>Dance</u> is all about <u>moving our bodies to a musical rhythm</u>. There are many different types of dance.

-In dance, we <u>explore space</u>, and consider how we can use our bodies to show <u>ideas</u>, <u>moods</u>, <u>characters</u> and <u>feelings</u>.

-Throughout KS2 dance, we learn how to copy and create actions in response to different ideas and themes. We should also consider how our use of dynamics, space and timing can create effects. We can use choreographing to change and adapt ideas.

-By upper KS2, we should be <u>showing confidence</u> in our <u>movements and expression</u>. We should also be taking active steps to help to build the confidence of others.

-Our dances may be with partners or teams. We should work together to perform movements <u>safely</u>, and be able to give and receive feedback using the correct key words.



Physical		
Skill	Definition	How do I do this?
Travelling	To move from one place to another place.	-There are lots of different ways that you can travel and change direction, e.g. skipping, crawling, creeping, hopping and sliding to show different themes or ideas. Dynamics is about how your perform moves (e.g. strong/light, fast/slow) Use counts of 8 to stay in time with the music. Remember to use big, exaggerated movements with confident expression and high energy.
Actions	Body movements in time to the music.	-Examples of actions include clapping, clicking, leaping, crouching, shaking, twisting and spinning. They can be used to show different themes or ideas. Use clear and confident actions — they may be exaggerated to make ideas more obvious. -Use counts to help you and others stay in time.
Reaction	To respond to the movements and actions of others.	-Using opposites with partners can help us to create a symmetrical 'mirror' effect that is pleasing on the eye. Consider how movements/actions complement your partners movements/actions. You should also consider how working at different levels and moving in different directions can create different effects.
Position and Timing	To control where/how we dance when working alongside others.	-Dance is not just about how well you can perform actions and movements alone — it is equally about how well you can perform alongside others. You should be able to hold position in relation to others (see 'formation') and use dynamics, speed, timing and levels in accordance with your partners/ group.
Making Sequences	To put actions together.	-Consider how actions look together. Marks for quality, control, and how in time (coordinated) you are with music/ your partner/s and/or teams. Groups should be able to alter their choreography (see right) to make sequences more effective.

Dance

Social and Emotional

Communication/ Decision-Making
Often, dances require more than one
person to work together well as a team.
Communicate effectively to ensure that
you stay in time and perform actions in
agreed ways. Everyone should get a say
in choreographing routines, including
decisions on which actions to include.

Keeping Safe
Follow the rules and listen to the coach's instructions. Store and handle any apparatus that you are using properly.

Make sure that higher-risk dance moves are performed safely. Use mats/ spotters where needed.

Responding to Feedback

We need to ensure that we welcome praise and constructive criticism as tools to improve. Try to reflect honestly on all

feedback that you are given. We may need to persevere. Perseverance is

about keeping going
even when something is difficult or tiring.

Selecting and Applying

There are a huge range of different actions and moves that we can perform.

We should select those that are most effective at different times, to demonstrate the themes/ideas that we are trying to show. We can also apply dynamics, levels, speeds and positions.

Building Confidence Some dance actions can be difficult. It is important that we believe in ourselves and understand that with practice and understanding we can achieve great things. Movements should be performed with energy and confidence. Praise one another to help build others' confidence.

Challenging Myself

Whenever we learn anything, we have to start somewhere! Improving ourselves is all about putting in hard work and practice, challenging ourselves to be better than we were before! Be ambitious in your choreography – even if you can't complete all actions and movements perfectly at first, know that practice can help you to succeed.

Key Vocabulary

Dance

Movement

Theme

Balance

Control

Formation

Choreograph

Routine

Confidence

Coordination

Dynamics

Feedback

Levels

Thinking/ Strategic

<u>Feedback</u> – Getting feedback from others about your dance is vital in improving your dance actions, moves and routines.

Remember to be constructive when feeding back to others!

Repeating movements can help make dances memorable. Unison means to dance together in time.

<u>Choreography</u> is designing sequences of actions and movements in order to create routines. Choreography may be revisited when something isn't working.

<u>Formation</u> is the arrangement of the positions of dancers on the stage/ dancefloor. E.g. dancers facing one another/ in a circle etc.

-Success in dance is all about quality and control. Quality is making sure that actions and movements are clear and confident. We should concentrate on each individual action to maintain quality. Control is when you hold positions carefully. Tense muscles to help control movements and balances and keep good posture. Consider space (e.g. how the space is used, how far apart dancers are) and timing (when/where actions happen, tempo, and how fast or slow movements are performed) to add quality and control to dances.

Health and Safety

Warm down Keep your head up Make sure that liquids are Make sure that Make sure that any Remove jewellery Exercise in safe spaces. Warm up properly Bend your knees after and wear suitable and know what is including stretching kept well away from the mats/surfaces are equipment is put Be mindful of others. when you land exercising. around you. dance surface. set up properly. away properly. clothing/ equipment. your muscles. from jumps.